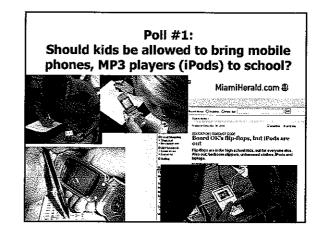
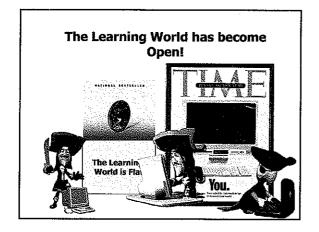


Connecting the Digital Dots: Literacy of the 21st Century Barbara R. Jones-Kavalier and Suzanne L. Flannigan Educause Quarterly (2006), 29(2)

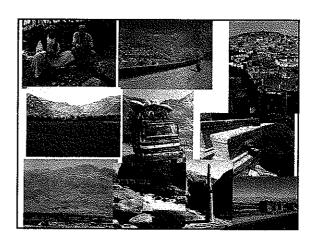
"These days, new media literacy technical skills catapult traditional learning methods into orbit—traditional chalkboards and overheads with pens do not occupy the same realm as current capabilities. As an example, now teachers can do a PowerPoint presentation with streaming video, instant Internet access, and real-time audio-video interaction, and they can do it with relative speed and ease."











# Triple Learning Technology Convergence of "WE-ALL-LEARN"



bility of tools and learning. ibility of free ant and resources cational Resources). rning Culture: A

move towards a culture of open access to information, international collaboration, and global sharing.

#### 4th P? Processing Speed

Scientists develop fastest computer June 9, 2008, H. JOSEF HEBERT, AP

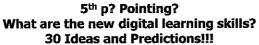
To put the computer's speed in perspective, it has roughly the computing power of 100,000 of today's most powerful laptops stacked 1.5 miles high, according to IBM.
 Or, if each of the world's 6 billion people worked on hand-held computers for 24 hours a day, it would take them 46 years to do what the Roadrunner computer can do in a single day.









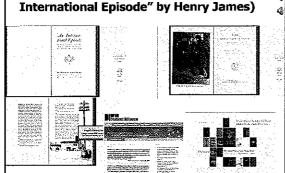




1. New Reading Skills. New ways to read information (e.g., Thinner, Crisper, and Cheaper eBooks; Kindle = \$400-500)

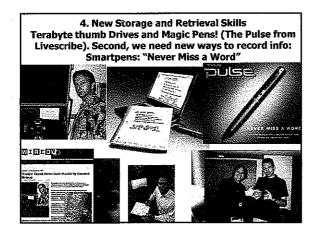


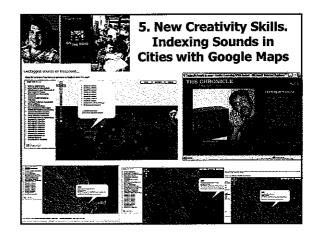
2. New Listening Skills. Read, Listen, etc. to online books (e.g., "An International Episode" by Henry James)

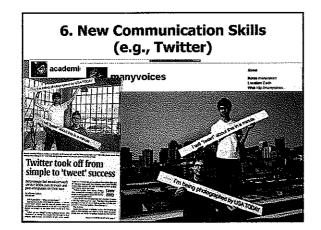


3. New Research and Study Skills. Repository: Connexions (6,000+ modules, Rice Univ) & Curriki (K-12, Sun Micro)

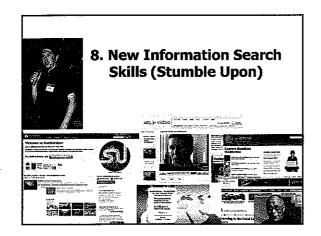




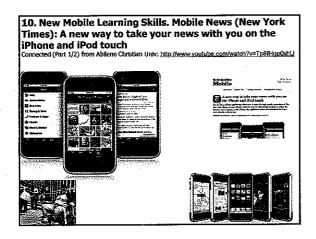








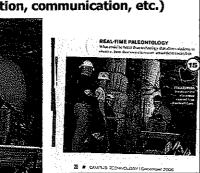


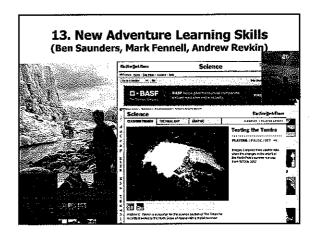


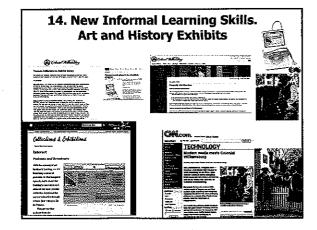
# 11. New Reflection Skills. Use of Weblogs

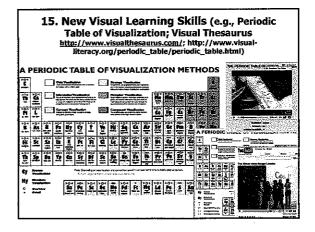
- 1. Instructor or Tutor blog
- 2. Learner blog: reflections, sharing links and pics.
- Partner blog: work on team projects or activities
   Class blog: international exchanges, projects.
- 5. Revision: review and explode previous posts.
- 6. Nutsheil: summarize themes or biogs. 7. Blog on blog: reflections on feelings, confusions.

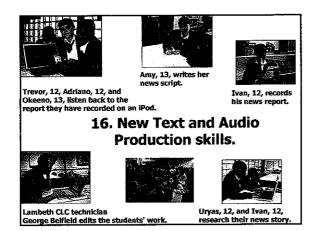
12. New Real World and Authentic Learning Skills (PBL, evaluation, interaction, communication, etc.)

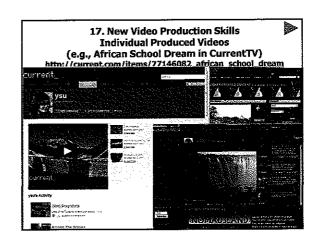


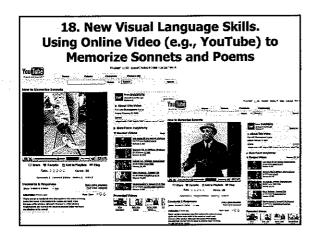


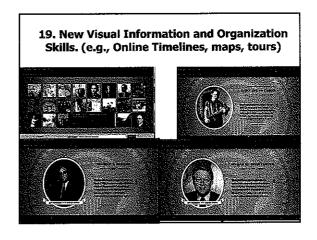


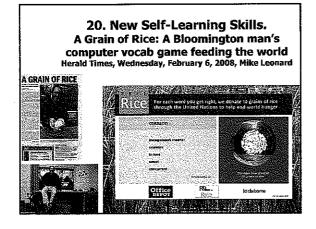






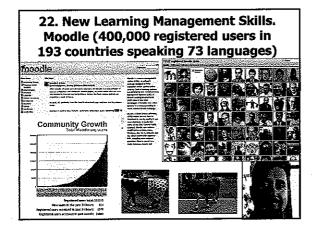


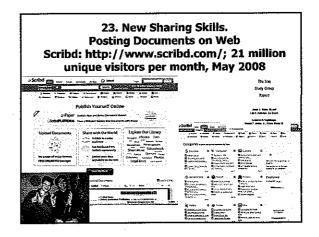


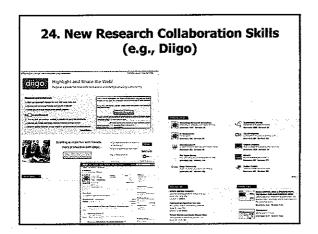


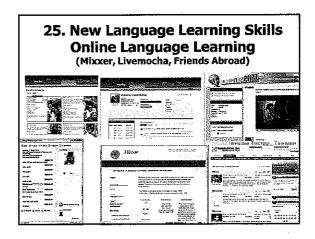
21. New Information Exploration
Skills. Historical Documents
discoverbabylon.org

In its final form, the multiplayer game will let you
march through threedimensional recreations of
the first city-states, around
3000 B.C., the first empires,
around 2300 B.C., and
finally the famous Iron Age
empire of Assyria...offers
three-dimensional walkthroughs of sites in the
Valley of the Kings.

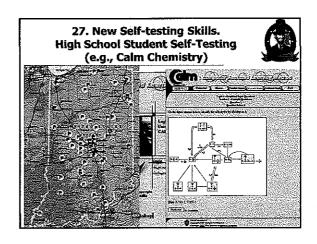


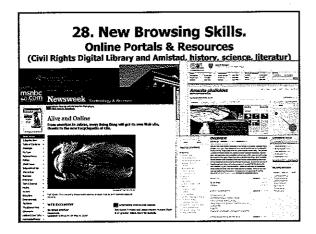


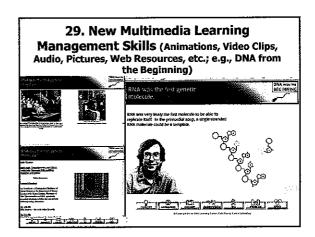












# 30. New Multitasking Skills

 "The skill to be valued in the twenty-first century is not the length of attention span, but the ability to multitask - to do many things well at once.... [and] the ability to process visual information very rapidly." (Rushkoff, 1996:50)







### **Neomillenial Learning Styles**

Planning for Neomillennial Learning Styles: Implications for Investments in Technology and Faculty Chris Dede, H*arvard University, Educause, 2005* 

- Fluency in multiple media--value all types of communication, activities, experiences, not a single best medium
- Actively seek, collect, and synthesize experiences, rather than absorb a single best source
- Active learning and collective reflection
- Non-linear and associated webs of learning
- Co-design of learning experiences for individual needs and preferences not precustomized



What Students Need to Know: 21st Century Skills and ICT literacy; Susan D. Patrick, President and CEO North American Council for Online Learning

The future will demand people who can express themselves effectively with images, animation, sound, and video, solve real world problems that require processing and analysis of thousands of numbers, evaluate information for accuracy, reliability, and validity; and organize information into valuable knowledge, yet students are not learning these skills in school.

From: The Partnership for 21st Century; www.21stCenturySkills.org
Report: are they really ready to work (2006).
http://www.21stcenturyskills.org/documents/FINAL\_REPORT\_PDF
9-29-06.pdf



What Students Need to Know: 21st Century Skills and ICT literacy; Susan D. Patrick, President and CEO North American Council for Online Learning

- Information and communication skills;
- · Thinking and problem-solving skills;
- Interpersonal and self-direction skills;
- Global awareness;
- · Financial, economic, and business skills; and
- Civic literacy.

From: The Partnership for 21st Century; www.21stCenturySkills.org Report: are they really ready to work (2006). http://www.21stcenturyskills.org/documents/FINAL\_REPORT\_PDF 9-29-06.pdf

Megabits
(p. 59 May/June 2007, Tech Trends)

"More than 60 percent of educators said that their schools are not putting enough emphasis on media literacy; and 80 percent said that they have to learn media literacy on their own..."

The results of the CIC Educator Survey, Media Literacy: A Vital and Underserved Need in Schools, can be found online at http://i.ciconline.org/docs/CICmedialitre port11-2006.pdf (November, 2006)

The results of the CIC Educator Survey, Media Literacy: A Vital and Underserved Need in Schools http://i.ciconline.org/docs/CICmedialitreport11-2006.pdf

Media literacy is a key 21st Century skill because it provides a framework and method to think critically about the media and technologies students and adults use for information and entertainment. Media for information and entertainment. Media literacy means knowing how to access, understand, analyze, evaluate and create media messages on television, the Internet and other outlets. It also means knowing how to use these and other technologies safely, productively and other activically. ethically.

Now for 2 Minutes: Share your ideas of digital literacy with someone next to you and agree on three things maximum.











# What is "ICT Literacy"?

(Brown & Dotson, May/June 2007, Tech Trends)

- · Define info need
- · Collect & manage info from digital envirs
- Interpret into using ICT skills for comparison, analysis, & synthesis
- Evaluate info for authority, bias, & timeliness
- Communicate findings through creative use of ICT tools and resources

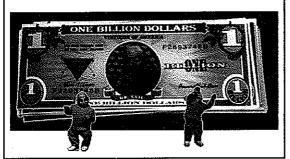
#### ...using ICT tools, students can:

- 1. Define: Select approp research topic, frame q, identify approp resources.
- 2. Access: Locate and retrieve digital primary resources useful for answering the research question.
- 3. Manage: Organize info, summarize content, report content that answers research question.
- 4. Integrate: Read and interpret info using synthesis, summarization, critical thinking, perspective taking, comparison & contrast, & read and interpret multiple sources.

#### ...using ICT tools, students can:

- 5. Evaluate: Make judgments on usability of info, authority of sources, bias, timeliness of the materials.
- 6. Create: Adapt, apply, and design a report with conclusions to the original question.
- 7. Communicate: Design report appropriate for audience and is clearly communicated and understood.

# Ok, Million Dollar Question: What are 21st Century Skills?



If you had to give a word or phrase to describe "21st Century Skills," what would that word be?

Locate info, synthesize it,
Decision making,
Use effectively and ethically,
Communicate effectively,
Evaluate products,
Producers and consumers of visual info,
Informed critics,
Sensitive to bias and cultural differences,
Sets own goals,
Willing to make mistakes,
Comparison and contrast skills, inferencing skills,
Participate in a team, exercise leadership,
Manage technology for public good

# Digital Literacy (Bonk, June 2, 2007)

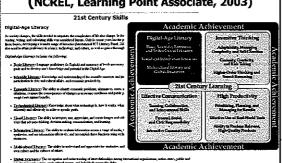


 Digital literacy is the ability to browse, locate, filter, synthesize across, and eventually use information appearing in multiple formats and in a wide range of sources that can lead to communication of what one discovered as well as the production of still additional information. (Paul Gilster (1997), Digital Literacy.)

# Digital Literacy (Bonk, June 2, 2007)

 Digital literacy is not only technology related knowledge, skills, and competencies, but also the critical and creative thinking skills as well as ability to engage in collaborative teams to find and solve problems in a technologically reliant society or environment.

# 21st Century Skills (NCREL, Learning Point Associate, 2003)



New programs teach undergraduates how to use the Internet and the online card catalog in search of the best sources Chronicle of Higher Education, Andrea Foster, March 9, 2007 http://chronicle.com/free/v53/127/27a03801.htm

 College students use technology constantly. They text-message friend compile playlists for their iPods, and whizzes at updating their MySpace profiles. But when it comes to one k work they are required to do in colk namely, academic research — they inept. Too often, college officials sa students rely on Google or Wikipedi sources, as if oblivious to peer-revie scholarship.



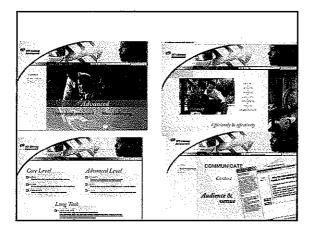


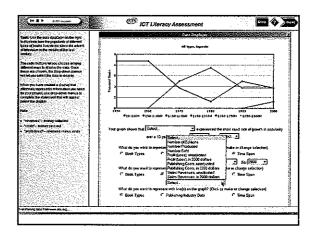


New programs teach undergraduates how to use the Internet and the online card catalog in search of the best sources Chronicle of Higher Education, Andrea Foster, March 9, 2007 http://chronicle.com/free/v53/i27/27a03801.htm

 The explosion of electronic information is fueling students' confusion, librarians say.
 In 1996 there were 10,000 scholarly databases online; now they exceed 18,000.
 The Web is teeming with more than 100 million sites, up from 18,000 in 1995.
 Google and Microsoft recently began archiving books and scholarly journals and making them available via their search engines. And two online, academicoriented encyclopedias, Citizendium and Scholarpedia, are starting up... New programs teach undergraduates how to use the Internet and the online card catalog in search of the best sources Chronicle of Higher Education, Andrea Foster, March 9, 2007 http://chronicle.com/free/v53/i27/27a03801.htm

Among the most well known is the ICT
Literacy Assessment, which was developed
and is administered by the Educational
Testing Service, a nonprofit group based in
Princeton, N.J. "ICT" stands for
"information and communication
technology." The 75-minute test, offered at
two levels, measures students' ability in
seven areas, including organizing,
evaluating, and communicating with
electronic data.





Connecting the Digital Dots: Literacy of the 21st Century Barbara R. Jones-Kavalier and Suzanne L. Flannigan Educause Quarterly (2006), 29(2)

"The greatest challenge is moving beyond the glitz and pizzazz of the flashy technology to teach true literacy in this new milieu. Using the same skills used for centuries—analysis, synthesis, and evaluation—we must look at digital literacy as another realm within which to apply elements of critical thinking."

# Global Digital Literacy is Vital to the Progress of Everyone!!!

Sample papers at: http://www.publicationshare.com/ Archived talks at: http://www.trainingshare.com/

